VEHICLE-TO-GRID (V2G): OPPORTUNITIES AND CHALLENGES



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Emerging Technology Director

Personal Vision: to live, work, and play in a world of optimized energy systems that maximize resiliency, affordability, and justice





RENEW Wisconsin is a nonprofit organization dedicated to building a stronger, healthier, more vibrant Wisconsin through the advancement of renewable energy. We work on policies and programs that support solar power, wind power, biogas, local hydropower, geothermal energy, and **electric vehicles**.

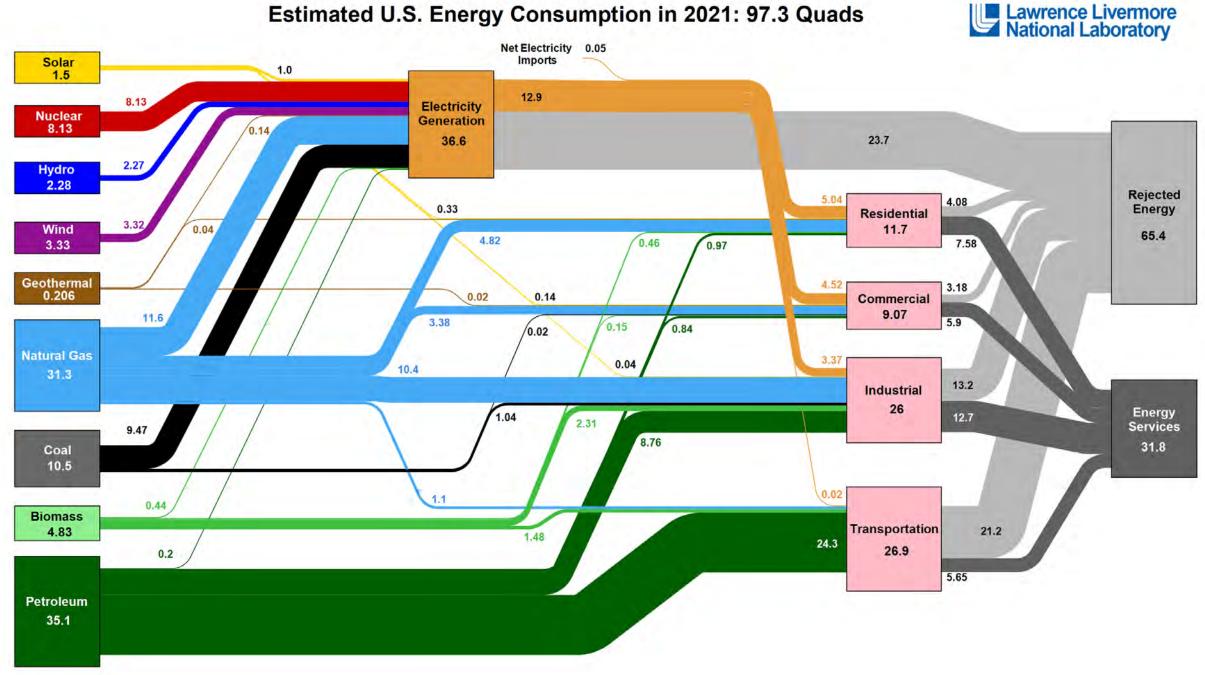


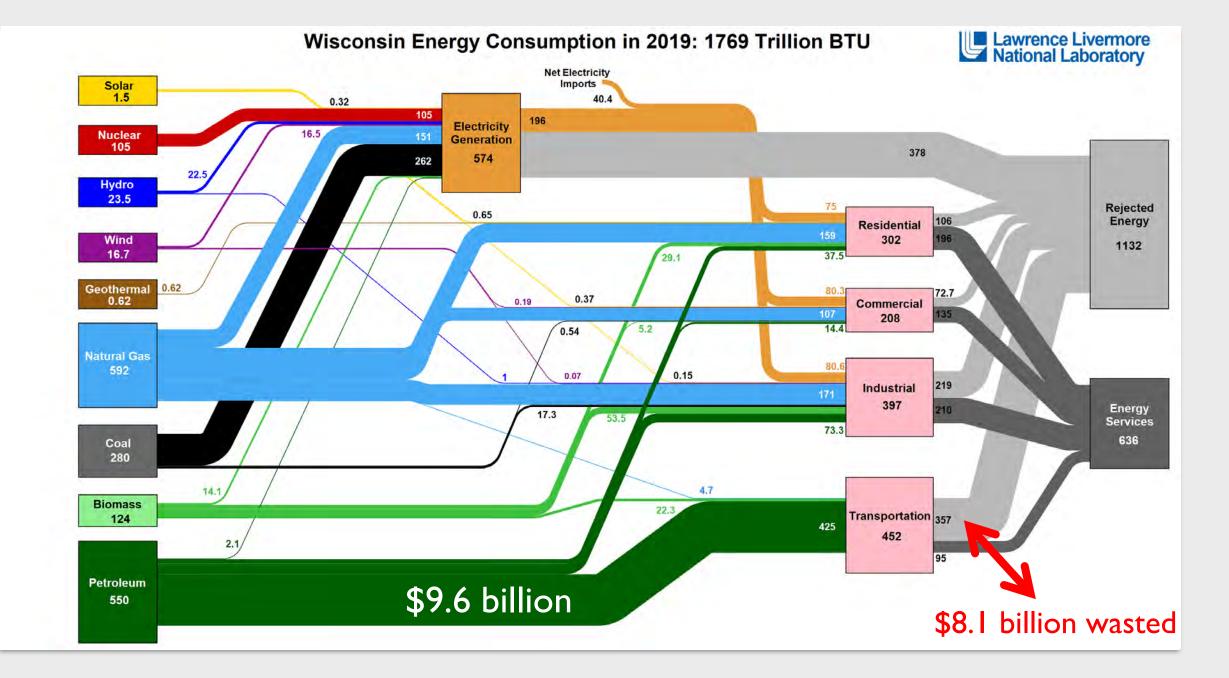
AGENDA

- Why Electric Vehicles?
- EV Infrastructure Updates: Bipartisan Infrastructure Law (BIL)
- Vehicle Electrification Trends
- EV charging basics
- Vehicle-to-Grid (V2G)
 - Benefits
 - Challenges
 - Business case
- Case Studies
- Discussion (Q&A)



Estimated U.S. Energy Consumption in 2021: 97.3 Quads





Electrification of transportation must be a priority because the transportation sector wastes over 21 Quads of energy per year – that's 22% of the total energy in the economy or 14 times the total amount of solar power generated in 2021

Quad = 293 billion kWh 183 million barrels of petroleum 38.5 million tons of coal

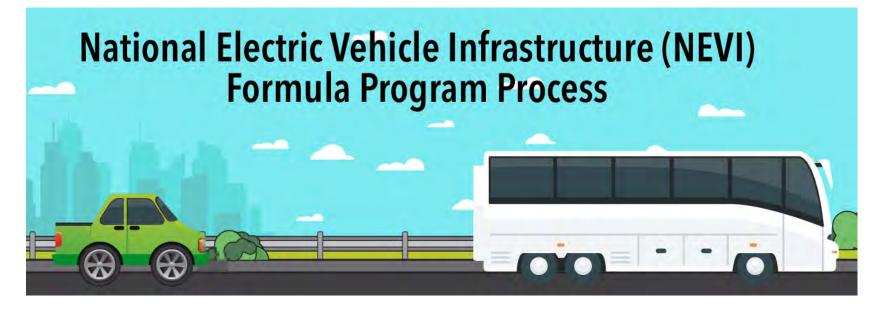


But there is hope...



PRE-WORKSHOP UPDATE: BIPARTISAN INFRASTRUCTURE LAW (BIL) NATIONAL ELECTRIC VEHICLE INFRASTRUCTURE (NEVI)

- Invest \$7.5 billion in EV chargers by 2030
- National Electric Vehicle Infrastructure (NEVI) Formula Program provides up to \$79 million for WI
- NEVI Plan due August 1 (WisDOT)
- Discretionary Grant Program
 \$2.5 billion Guidance TBD





PRE-WORKSHOP UPDATE: BIPARTISAN INFRASTRUCTURE LAW (BIL) CLEAN SCHOOL BUS PROGRAM

- Invest \$5 billion to replace existing school buses with zero-emission and lowemission models
- The first \$500 million will be awarded as lottery rebates
- 200 WI school districts are on the priority list
- Up to \$375,000 rebate per school bus (up to 25 buses per district) and \$20,000 for EV chargers



• Applications due August 19



DISCLAIMER

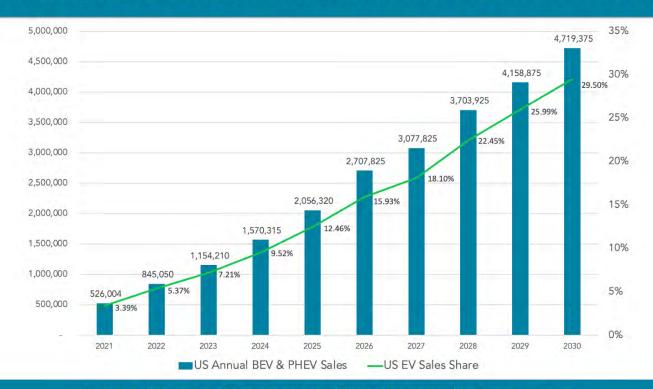
Implementation of the **Vehicle-to-Grid (V2G)** technologies discussed in this workshop has legal/regulatory implications that go far beyond the scope of this workshop. This workshop address V2G technological potential only. The workshop is does not explore regulatory, policy or legislative issues related to V2G



VEHICLE ELECTRIFICATION TRENDS

- As of December 2021, cumulative sales in the U.S. totaled 2.32 million Battery Electric Vehicles (BEV) & Plug-in Hybrid Electric Vehicles (PHEV)
- U.S. EV sales expected to reach approximately 30% of all new car sales in 2030
- 2022 "the year of the EV trucks"
 - Rivian R1T
 - Hummer EV
 - Ford F-150 Lightning
- Until 15% of the vehicles on the road go electric, there won't be any real impact on the grid

US EVs (BEV & PHEV) Sales & Sales Share Forecast: 2021-2030



Historical Sales Data: GoodCarBadCar.net, InsideEVs, IHS Markit / Auto Manufacturers Alliance, Advanced Technology Sales Dashboard | Research & Chart: Loren McDonald/EVAdoption

Source: https://evadoption.com/ev-sales/ev-sales-forecasts



ELECTRIC VEHICLE (EV) CHARGING

• Level 1: Your regular 120V outlet

•Level 2: Most public charging stations and 240V outlets

•Level 3: DC fast chargers

 Bidirectional charging:
 Advanced EV charger capable of charging and discharging energy from an EV



LEVEL 1 CHARGING

Level 1 or "Trickle charging" uses standard 120V electrical outlet

- 1.5 kW
- 4 miles/hour
- Limited options for managed EV
 charging
- Convenient plug into almost any outlet!





LEVEL 2 CHARGING

Level 2 chargers use 240V electrical circuits or dedicated charging stations

- 4-17 kW
- 12-30 miles/hour
- Can purchase for \$300 \$700 +
 Installation
- Available through utility managed changing programs/pilots



2 EV charging at EnTech's Microgrid in Madison, WI



LEVEL 3 CHARGING

Level 3 Direct Current (DC) fast chargers use 480V electrical circuits at public charging stations

- 50-350 kW
- 5 45 minutes to 80%
- Example: Alternative Fuel Corridor of the **NEVI** Program (Bipartisan Infrastructure Law (BIL)





BIDIRECTIONAL CHARGING

Advanced EV chargers capable of charging and discharging energy from an EV

- Vehicle-to-Home (V2H)
- Vehicle-to-Building (V2B)
- Vehicle-to-Grid (V2G)

F-150 LIGHTNING POWER PLAY: FIRST ELECTRIC TRUCK TO ENHANCE YOUR HOME ENERGY INDEPENDENCE

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FEB 2, 2022 I DEARBORN, MICH.

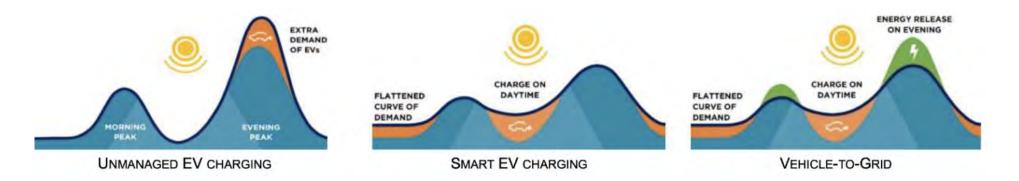




VEHICLE-TO-GRID (V2G)

The goal of V2G technology is to fully integrate electric vehicles into the power grid

- In charging mode, power flows from the grid to the vehicle
- In discharge mode, power flows from the vehicle to the grid
- The direct-current (DC) battery output must be converted to alternating-current (AC) to match the grid
- DC is converted to AC using an inverter built into the vehicle or the charging station



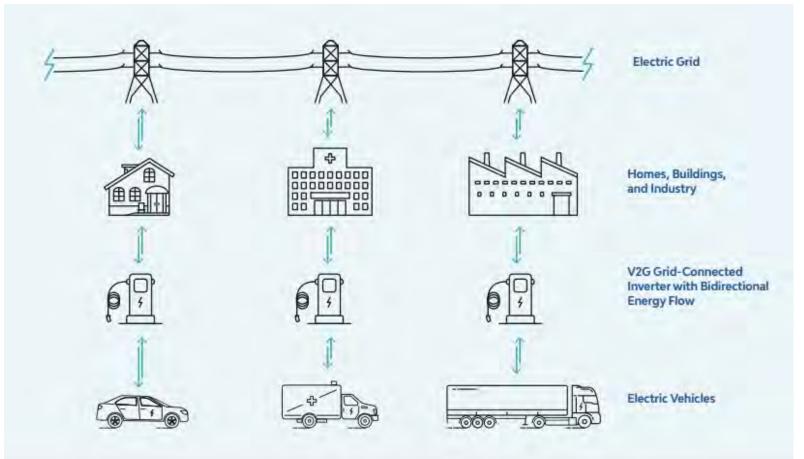


Source: Magnum Cap CHAdeMo V2G Webinar https://www.chademo.com/wp2016/wp-content/uploads/2021/05/CHAdeMO_V2G_Magnum_Cap.pdf

VEHICLE-TO-GRID (V2G)

V2G requires communication and algorithms to sense grid status

- Determine if EVs should be providing or drawing electricity at any given time
- Availability of vehicles for providing the services needed
- Track the services provided by vehicles so owners can be paid for making their vehicles available





VEHICLE-TO-GRID (V2G) APPLICATIONS

Transmission System Operator (TSO)

- ✓ Ancillary services
 - Frequency regulation
 - Powerreserve
 - Inertia

Distribution System Operators (DSO)

- ✓ Transformer upgrade deferral
- ✓ Congestion management
- ✓ Renewable energy integration

Facility Operators (Behind the Meter)

- ✓ Demand charge management
- ✓ Tarif optimization
- ✓ Emergency backup

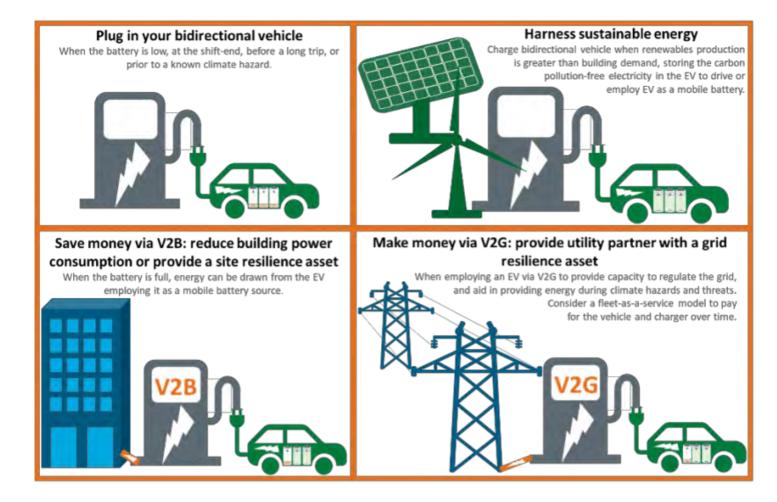








Takeaway: V2G can turn EVs into distributed energy resources, harness renewable energy, save money, and generate additional revenue



Source: Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable energy, https://www.energy.gov/eere/femp/bidirectional-charging-and-electric-vehicles-mobile-storage

CONCERNS RELATED TO V2G

- V2G **potentially** increase battery wear and shorten battery life **(TBC)**
- Communications and management for an extensive network of charge points, vehicles, and customer information have security and privacy implications
- Public perception "the inconvenience factor"
- Limited V2G capable vehicles
- Safety (delivering power back to the grid safely)
- Regulatory framework necessary



THE BUSINESS CASE FOR V2G

V2G-capable vehicles could provide Four primary services:

- Bulk energy storage
- Peak shaving
- Operating reserves
- Frequency regulation

Example: Electric school busses:

"By delivering stored clean energy back to the grid when it's needed most, electric school buses can help create a more resilient local power system and reduce the dependence on expensive fossil fuel power plants"

Gareth Joyce, President of Proterra

V2G-equipped electric school bus delivers power to grid for 50 hours

Posted October 20, 2021 by <u>Charles Morris</u> & filed under <u>Fleets and Infrastructure</u>, <u>Newswire</u>, <u>The</u> <u>Infrastructure</u>.





Source: EV industry insiders, https://chargedevs.com/newswire/v2g-equipped-electric-school-bus-delivers-power-to-grid-for-50-hours/

CASE STUDY: KALUZA-ENABLED V2G CHARGING (UK)

Collaboration between OVO Energy, Kaluza, Nissan, Cenex, Indra Renewable Technology, and the UK's Department for Business Energy and Industrial Strategy (BEIS)

Roll out V2G across UK homes, showcasing the significant economic, environmental and societal value of the technology



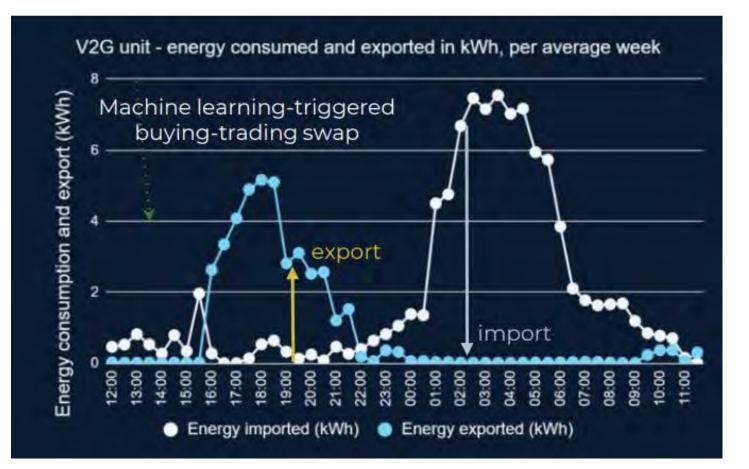
Source: electrive.com https://www.electrive.com/2020/11/24/electric-nation-installs-100-v2g-chargers-in-the-uk/



CASE STUDY: KALUZA-ENABLED V2G CHARGING (UK)

V2G is optimized to charge at the cheapest times, and export at the most profitable times

- Average customer imports 11.4 kWh and exports 6.8 kWh per day
- Participants earn £60 130/month
- Customers plug in to charge on average 18 times per month
- 319 connected EVs provide 0.4 MW of capacity to support the grid at peak times





CASE STUDY: ROANOKE ELECTRIC COOPERATIVE V2G PILOT PROJECT

Type of Vehicle: Nissan Leaf

Project: Roanoke Electric Cooperative, Clean Energy Works, and Fermata Energy V2G pilot (North Carolina) using Fermata Energy's bidirectional charger.

Objective: determine the additional financial value of using the EV batteries when the car is parked at home



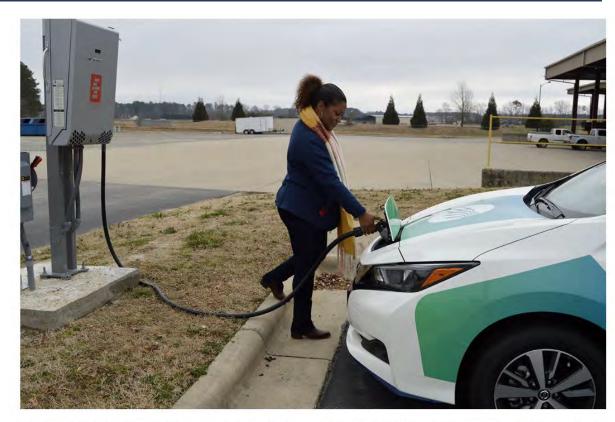


Photo credit: Fermata Energy. Photo is of Electronic Instrumentations Technology (EIT), Fermata testbed, Danville, VA (2019).

CASE STUDY: ROANOKE ELECTRIC COOPERATIVE V2G PILOT PROJECT

Key Results:

- Peak shaving
 - 4 kW December (\$36 in avoided demand charges)
 - 11 kW January (\$105)
- Total Utility savings of more than \$2,600 per year
- Enhance resilience by providing backup power to Roanoke Electric's microgrid during the times when it was islanded from the grid



Early results from the first electric cooperative test of an electric-vehicle-to-grid charger show promise that such systems can help reduce peak demand and save members money.



Photo credit: Fermata Energy. Photo is of Electronic Instrumentations Technology (EIT), Fermata testbed, Danville, VA (2019).

CASE STUDY: CITY OF UTRECHT, THE NETHERLANDS

"for the energy transition to go well, and to be effective without a huge investment by grid operators and other storage facilities, really the way forward is to combine [the growth of renewable energy generation and electric vehicles]. And to basically enable the batteries and cars to be a buffer for renewable energy to balance the system."

Robin Berg, the director of We Drive Solar

Utrecht wants to be the first city to use its electric car fleet as a giant battery

What it could mean to be a "bidrectional" city.





Source: Fast Company Magazine, https://www.fastcompany.com/90705832/utrecht-wants-to-be-the-first-city-to-use-its-electric-car-fleet-as-a-giant-battery

CASE STUDY: CITY OF UTRECHT, THE NETHERLANDS

- Office building + Solar garage with 250 Bidirectional charging stations
- Car sharing system (150 Ioniq 5s with V2G technology)
- Currently 1,400+ Bidirectional charging stations installed the city
- Plans to install 10,000 Bidirectional charging stations to balance the whole city (less than 10% of the city's car fleet)





EVs WITH BIDIRECTIONAL CHARGING CAPABILITY

Vehicle	🏮 size (kWh)	Days storage	Port	V2L	V2G	V2H	Availability
Nissan Leaf (ZE1)	36-62	1.7-3	Chademo	×		S	Yes
Mitsubishi Outlander (plug-in)	13.8	0.7	Chademo				Yes
Ford F-150 Lightning	98-130	4.7-6.2	CCS				July 2022 (US)
Hyundai Ioniq 5	54-77.4	2.6-3.7	CCS		твс	твс	Yes
Kia EV6	54-77.4	2.6-3.7	CCS		TBC	TBC	Yes
BYD Atto 3	50.1-60.4	2.4-2.9	CCS		TBC	твс	July 2022 (Aus)
MG ZS EV (2022)	49-68	2.3-3.2	CCS		TBC	TBC	July 2022 (UK)
Porsche Taycan	71-83.7	3.3-3.9	CCS	TBC	TBC	TBC	TBC



Source: Datawrapper, https://zecar.com/



WHAT'S NEXT...

V2G technology is available today, and now is the time to deploy it. We need political will and leadership to advance policies to bring the benefits of this technology to our homes and businesses. Our electric grid faces increasing natural and human-caused threats; V2G technology can help stabilize the grid, boost renewable energy development, and make electric vehicles more affordable. We can accomplish all this if we work together. Let's do it!





QUESTIONS?





THANK YOU!

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